### SECTION 321313 - CONCRETE PAVING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Concrete paving for:
  - a. Concrete parking areas and roads.
  - b. Concrete sidewalks.
  - c. Concrete curbs and gutters.

## B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 312323 Fill: Compacted subbase for paving.
- 2. Section 321123 Aggregate Base Courses.
- 3. Section 321216 Asphalt Paving.

# 1.2 PRICE AND PAYMENT PROCEDURES

## A. Concrete Paving:

- 1. Basis of Measurement: By square yard.
- 2. Basis of Payment: Includes forms, reinforcing, concrete, accessories, placing, finishing, and curing.

## 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

## A. American Concrete Institute:

1. ACI 304 - Guide for Measuring, Mixing, Transporting, and Placing Concrete.

## B. ASTM International:

- 1. ASTM A775/A775M S Standard Specification for Epoxy-Coated Steel Reinforcing Bars.
- 2. ASTM A934/A934M Standard Specification for Epoxy-Coated Prefabricated Steel Reinforcing Bars.
- 3. ASTM C31/C31M Standard Practice for Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field.
- 4. ASTM C33 Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates.
- 5. ASTM C39/C39M Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens.
- 6. ASTM C94/C94M Standard Specification for Ready-Mixed Concrete.
- 7. ASTM C143/C143M Standard Test Method for Slump of Hydraulic Cement Concrete.

- 8. ASTM C150 Standard Specification for Portland Cement.
- 9. ASTM C172 Standard Practice for Sampling Freshly Mixed Concrete.
- 10. ASTM C231 Standard Test Method for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method.
- 11. ASTM C260 Standard Specification for Air-Entraining Admixtures for Concrete.
- 12. ASTM C494/C494M Standard Specification for Chemical Admixtures for Concrete.
- 13. ASTM C618 Standard Specification for Coal Fly Ash and Raw or Calcined Natural Pozzolan for Use as a Mineral Admixture in Concrete.
- 14. ASTM C1017/C1017M Standard Specification for Chemical Admixtures for Use in Producing Flowing Concrete.
- 15. ASTM C1064/C1064M Standard Test Method for Temperature of Freshly Mixed Hydraulic-Cement Concrete.
- 16. ASTM C1116 Standard Specification for Fiber-Reinforced Concrete and Shotcrete.
- 17. ASTM D6690 Standard Specification for Joint and Crack Sealants, Hot Applied, for Concrete and Asphalt Pavements.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

#### A. Product Data:

1. Submit data on concrete materials, joint filler, admixtures, curing compounds.

## B. Design Data:

- 1. Submit concrete mix design for each concrete strength. Submit separate mix designs when admixtures are required for the following:
  - a. Hot and cold weather concrete work.
- 2. Identify mix ingredients and proportions, including admixtures.
- 3. Identify chloride content of admixtures and whether or not chloride was added during manufacture.
- C. Source Quality Control Submittals: Indicate results of tests and inspections.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Obtain cementitious materials from same source throughout.
- B. Perform Work according to City of Casper Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction and Infrastructure Improvements.

# 1.6 QUALIFICATIONS

A. Installer: Company specializing in performing work of this section with minimum 3 years' experience.

## 1.7 AMBIENT CONDITIONS

A. Do not place concrete when base surface temperature is less than 35 degrees F, or surface is wet or frozen.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 AGGREGATE BASE COURSE

A. Aggregate Base Course: As specified in Section 321123.

### 2.2 CONCRETE PAVING

# A. Performance / Design Criteria:

1. Paving: Pavement section as specified in the drawings.

## B. Form Materials:

- 1. Wood or Steel form material, profiled to suit conditions.
- 2. Joint Filler: ASTM D1751; Asphalt impregnated fiberboard or felt, ¼ inch thick.

### C. Reinforcement:

- 1. Deformed Reinforcing: Steel: ASTM A615/A615M, #4, 60 ksi yield grade, deformed billet bars epoxy coated finish.
- 2. Synthetic Macro-fiber: Synthetic macro-fibers engineered and designed for use in concrete, complying with ASTM C1116/C1116M, Type III, 1 to 2-1/4 inches long.
  - a. Manufacturers:
    - 1) ABC Polymer Industries.
    - 2) Euclid Chemical Company (The); an RPM company.
    - 3) GCP Applied Technologies Inc.
    - 4) Propex Operating Company, LLC.
    - 5) Sika Corporation.

# D. Concrete Materials:

- 1. Cement: ASTM C150 Type II modified, low C<sub>3</sub>A-; gray color.
- 2. Fine and Coarse Aggregates: In accordance with City of Casper Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction and Infrastructure Improvements.
- 3. Concrete Reinforcing Fibers: ASTM C1116, high strength industrial-grade fibers specifically engineered for secondary reinforcement of concrete.
- 4. Water: In accordance with City of Casper Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction and Infrastructure Improvements.
- 5. Air Entrainment: In accordance with City of Casper Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction and Infrastructure Improvements.
- 6. Chemical Admixture: In accordance with City of Casper Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction and Infrastructure Improvements.

- 7. Fly Ash: In accordance with City of Casper Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction and Infrastructure Improvements.
- 8. Slag: In accordance with City of Casper Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction and Infrastructure Improvements.
- 9. Plasticizing: In accordance with City of Casper Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction and Infrastructure Improvements

### 2.3 MIXES

- A. Concrete Mix By Performance Criteria:
  - 1. Mix and deliver concrete according to City of Casper Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction and Infrastructure Improvements.
  - 2. Provide concrete to the following criteria:
    - a. Compressive Strength: 4000 psi at 28 days.
    - b. Slump: 2 to 4 inches
    - c. Minimum Cement Content: 6 sacks/cu yd.
    - d. Water/Cement Ratio: 4.5 to 5.5 gallon per sack
    - e. Air Entrainment: 4.5 to 7.5 percent.

#### 2.4 FINISHES

- A. Shop Finishing Reinforcement:
  - 1. Epoxy Coated Finish for Steel Bars: ASTM A775/A775M

# 2.5 ACCESSORIES

- A. Curing Compound: According to City of Casper Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction and Infrastructure Improvements.
- B. Joint Sealers: ASTM D6690, Type II; hot applied type.
- C. Epoxy Grout: Per Table 819.2-1 of the WYDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify compacted granular base course is dry and ready to support paving and imposed loads.
  - 1. Remove soft base course and recompact as specified in Section 321123.00
- B. Verify gradients and elevations of base are correct.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Moisten substrate to minimize absorption of water from fresh concrete.
- B. Notify Engineer minimum 24 hours prior to commencement of concreting operations.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

#### A. Base Course:

1. Aggregate Base Course: Install as specified in Section 321123.

#### B. Forms:

- 1. Place and secure forms and screeds to correct location, dimension, profile, and gradient.
- 2. Assemble formwork to permit easy stripping and dismantling without damaging concrete.

### C. Reinforcement:

- 1. Place tie bar at mid-height of paving.
- 2. Provide tie bar at 18 inch spacing at connection to existing concrete by drilling into existing concrete. Epoxy grout tie bar into existing concrete.
- 3. Repair damaged epoxy coating to match shop finish.

## D. Placing Concrete:

- 1. Place concrete according to City of Casper Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction and Infrastructure Improvements
- 2. Place concrete continuously over the full width of the panel and between predetermined construction joints.

### E. Joints

- 1. Place contraction joints as indicated on drawings.
- 2. Provide keyed joints as indicated.
- 3. Seal joints as indicated on Drawings.
- 4. Contraction joints may be sawcut or tooled. Saw cut joints shall be installed as soon as possible without causing raveling of the joint.

## F. Finishing:

- 1. Paving: Finish shall match the look of adjacent existing concrete pavement.
- 2. Place curing compound on exposed concrete surfaces immediately after finishing.

## G. Curing and Protection

- 1. Immediately after placement, protect concrete from premature drying, excessively hot or cold temperatures, and mechanical injury.
- 2. Maintain concrete with minimal moisture loss at relatively constant temperature for period necessary for hydration of cement and hardening of concrete.

## 3.4 TOLERANCES

A. Maximum Variation of Surface Flatness: 1/4 inch in 10 ft.

## 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Owner to provide field testing of concrete.
- B. Inspect tie bar placement for size, spacing, location, support.
- C. Testing firm will take cylinders and perform slump and air entrainment tests according to ACI 301.

# D. Testing Frequency:

- 1. One test will be taken for first concrete pour.
- 2. One test will be taken for all concrete paving that falls within vehicle traffic areas.
- 3. Additional tests may be taken at discretion of the Engineer.

# E. Strength Test Samples:

- 1. Sampling Procedures: ASTM C172.
- 2. Cylinder Molding and Curing Procedures: ASTM C31/C31M, cylinder specimens, standard cured.
- 3. Sample concrete and make one set of three cylinders for every day of concrete placement.

## F. Field Testing:

- 1. Slump Test Method: ASTM C143/C143M.
- 2. Air Content Test Method: ASTM C231.
- 3. Temperature Test Method: ASTM C1064/C1064M.
- 4. Measure slump and temperature for each compressive strength concrete sample.
- 5. Measure air content in air entrained concrete for each compressive strength concrete sample.

## G. Cylinder Compressive Strength Testing:

- 1. Test Method: ASTM C39/C39M.
- 2. Test Acceptance: 4000 psi at 28 days.
- 3. Test one cylinder at 7 days.
- 4. Test one cylinder at 28 days.
- 5. Retain one cylinder for testing when requested by Engineer.
- 6. Dispose remaining cylinders when testing is not required.
- H. Maintain records of placed concrete items. Record date, location of pour, quantity, air temperature, and test samples taken.

# 3.6 PROTECTION

- A. Immediately after placement, protect paving from premature drying, excessive hot or cold temperatures, and mechanical injury.
- B. Do not permit vehicular traffic over paving for 7 days minimum after finishing and until 75 percent design strength of concrete has been achieved.

END OF SECTION 321313